Chartered Accountants Prestige Trade Tower, Level 19 46, Palace Road, High Grounds Bengaluru – 560 001 Karnataka, India

Tel: +91 80 6188 6000 Fax: +91 80 6188 6011

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Narayana Hospitals Private Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Narayana Hospitals Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.
- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design
  audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
  we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
  internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating
  effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.



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Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and

events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal financial controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for not complying with the requirement of the audit trail as stated in (i)(vi) below.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, is as stated in paragraph (b) above.



18

- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year ended March 31, 2024 and hence reporting under Section 197 of the Act is not applicable.
- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company did not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 34(iii) to the financial statements no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 34(iv) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
    - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the current year.



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vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the period ended March 31 2024. The software used by the company for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.

Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial period ended March 31, 2024.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

#### For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Monisha Parikh

(Partner)

(Membership No. 47840) UDIN: 24047840BKFIYA2938

That he he

Date: May 24, 2024 MP/EKP/SM/NM/SA/2024

Place: Bengaluru

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ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1 (g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Narayana Hospitals Private Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

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#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP** 

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Had M. he

Monisha Parikh

(Partner)

(Membership No. 47840) UDIN: 24047840BKFIYA2938

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 MP/EKP/SM/NM/SA/2024

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ANNEXURE B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that –

(i)	(a)	(A)	The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of investment properties.
		(B)	The Company does not have any intangible assets and hence reporting under clause (i)(a)(B) is not applicable.
(i)	(b)		The Company has a program of verification of investment properties to cover all the items in a phased manner over a period of 3 years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain investment properties were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
(i)	(c)		The Company does not have any immovable properties and hence reporting under clause (i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
(i)	(d)		The Company has not revalued any of its investment properties during the year. The Company does not have any intangible assets.
(i)	(e)		No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder, and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
(ii)	(a)		The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause (ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
(ii)	(b)		According to the information and explanations given to us, at any point of time of the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital facility from banks or financial institutions on basis of security of current assets, and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
(iii)			The Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security, and granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured, or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year, and hence reporting under clause (iii) of the Order is not applicable.
(iv)			The Company has not granted any loans, made investments or provided guarantees or securities and hence reporting under clause (iv) of the Order is not applicable.
(v)			The Company has not accepted any deposit during the year nor has any unclaimed deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act. Hence reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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(vi)		The maintenance of cost records has not been specified for the activities of the Company by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
(vii)	(a)	In respect of statutory dues: Undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, duty of Customs, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, duty of Customs, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
(vii)	(b)	There are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited on account of disputes as on March 31,2024.
(viii)		There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
(ix)	(a)	The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause (ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(ix)	(b)	The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
(ix)	(c)	The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no unutilised term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
(ix)	(d)	The Company has not raised funds on short-term basis and hence, reporting under clause $(ix)(d)$ of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(ix)	(e)	The Company did not have any subsidiary or associate or joint venture during the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
(ix)	(f)	The Company did not have any subsidiary or associate or joint venture during the year and hence, reporting under clause $(ix)(f)$ of the Order is not applicable.
(x)	(a)	The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause $3(x)(a)$ of the Order is not applicable.
(x)	(b)	During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause $3(x)(b)$ of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(xi)	(a)	To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

- (xi) (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
- (xi) (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv)

  In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, internal audit system under section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under clauses (xiv) (a) and (xiv) (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) During the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any of its directors, or directors of the company, subsidiary companies, associate companies or persons connected with such directors and hence provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve
  (b) Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b),and (c)
  (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (d) The Group does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the Group and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

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The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP** 

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

That is he

Monisha Parikh

(Partner)

(Membership No. 47840) UDIN: 24047840BKFIYA2938

Place:-Bengaluru Date :- May 24, 2024 MP/EKP/SM/NM/SA/2024

	NT-4-	As at	(₹ in thousands) As at
Particulars	Note No	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
t at titulats	110	112010111111111111111111111111111111111	March 21, 2000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4 (a)	1 062 421 18	1,968,701.15
nvestment property	4 (b)	1,963,431,18	1,500,701.15
Financial assets	5 (a)	150.00	150.00
(i) Other financial assets	5 (a) 6	7,303.01	6,381,41
Income tax assets (net)	7 (a)	65,249.12	59,317,37
Other non-current assets Total non-current assets		2,036,133.31	2,034,549.93
Infiling the contraction of the state of the			
Current assets			
Financial assets	8	16,362,71	13,079.13
(i) Trade receivables	9 (a)	124.40	124,40
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents (iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	9 (b)	4,200.38	4,009.69
(iv) Other financial assets	5 (b)	91,98	57.29
Other current assets	7 (b)	32.45	65.45
Total current assets		20,811.92	17,335.96
TOTAL ASSETS	19	2,056,945,23	2,051,885.89
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10 (a)	532,614.42	532,614.42
Other equity	10 (b)	156,383.66	135,928.65
Total equity		688,998.08	668,543.07
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities		200 000 00	280,000.00
(i) Other financial liabilities	11 (a)	280,000.00 328,86	195.21
Provisions	14 (a) 12 (a)	999,199,51	1,020,508.32
Other non-current liabilities	12 (a)	1,279,528.37	1,300,703.53
Total non-current liabilities		<b>-,-</b>	
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	13	-21	v=:
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	13	3,861.57	4,037.30
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	11 (b)	62,459,68	56,527.93
(ii) Other financial liabilities	12 (b)	21,818.10	21,802.15
Other current liabilities	14 (b)	279.43	271.91
Provisions	14 (0)	88,418.78	82,639.29
Total current liabilities		2,056,945.23	2,051,885.89
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,030,743.23	21001100000
Material accounting policies	3		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements. As per our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

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Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 117366W/W-100018

Monisha Parikh

Partner

Membership number: 47840

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 CHARTERED CACCOUNTANTS CONTRACTOR COUNTANTS COUNTANTS CONTRACTOR COUNTAN



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Narayana Hospitals Private Limited CIN: U8511015 2004 PTC033913

Dr. Devi Prasad Shetty

Director DIN: 00252187 DIN: 02144586

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

Viren Prasad Shetty

Lokesh Dhamaniya Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 Sridhar S Company Secretary

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024



Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024			(₹ in thousands)
Particulars	Note No	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
INCOME		0.000.00	9,000.00
Revenue from operations	15	9,000.00	21,469.85
Other income Total income (A)	16 -	21,555,77 <b>30,555.7</b> 7	30,469.85
EXPENSES	17	4,366.90	3,622.13
Employee benefits expense	18	414.56	751.47
Other expenses  Expenses before depreciation and amortisation and tax (B)		4,781.46	4,373.60
B Earnings before depreciation and amortisation and tax (A-B)		25,774.31	26,096.25
	19	5,269.97	5,256.24
Depreciation and amortisation expense (C)	-	10,051.43	9,629.84
5 Total Expenses (D)=(B+C) 5 Profit before tax (E)=(A-D)		20,504.34	20,840.01
7 Tax expense			
(a) Current tax			
(b) Deferred tax charge / (credit)	=		
Total tax expense (F)  8 Profit for the year (G)=(E)-(F)	:= (2	20,504.34	20,840.01
9 Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(49.33)	(73.79)
Re-measurement gains / (losses) of defined benefit plans		(49.33)	(73.79)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax (H)  Total comprehensive income for the year (I)=(G)+(H)		20,455.01	20,766.22
Earnings per share		0.70	0.20
Basic and diluted (₹)	29	0_38	0.39
Material accounting policies	3		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements. As per our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 117366W/W-100018

Monisha Parikh

Partner

Membership number: 47840

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 HASKINS CHARTERED CCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Narayana Hospitals Private Limited CIN: U85110KA2004PTC033913

Dr. Devi Prasad Shetly

Director DIN: 00252187

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

See dlead) Sridhar S

Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

Viren Prasad Shetty

DIN: 02144586

Place: Bengaluru

Date: May 24, 2024

Director

(a) Faulty share applied	(₹ in thousands,	except no of shares)
(a) Equity share capital  Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount
Equity shares of ₹10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up		522 514 42
Balance as at April 1, 2022	53,261,442	532,614.42
Changes in equity share capital during 2022-23	53,261,442	532,614,42
Balance as at March 31, 2023	55,261,442	332,014.42
Changes in equity share capital during 2023-24	53,261,442	532,614,42
Balance as at March 31, 2024	55,261,442	332,014.42

(b) Other equity			(₹ in thousands)
(4)	Reserves & Surplus	Other Comprehensive income	
Particulars	Retained earnings	Re-measurement of defined benefit plans	Total other equity
Balance as at April 1, 2022	115,096.15	66.28	115,162.43
Profit for the year	20,840.01	1 <b>≟</b> √(	20,840.01
Other comprehensive income		(73.79)	(73,79)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	135,936.16	(7.51)	135,928.65
Profit for the year	20,504.34	•	20,504.34
Other comprehensive income	-	(49.33)	(49.33)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	156,440.50	(56.84)	156,383.66

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements. As per our report attached

HASKINS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

al H.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 117366W/W-100018

Monisha Parikh

Partner

Membership number: 47840

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 Bangalore Bangalore

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Narayana Hospitals Private Limited

CIN: U85110KA2004PTC033913

Dr. Devi Phasad Shetty

Director DIN: 00252187

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

2

Lokesh Dhamaniya Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 Viren Prasad Shetty

Director DIN: 02144586

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

Sridhar S Company Secretary

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024



Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit after tax	20,504.34	20,840.01
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5,269.97	5,256.24
Government grant	(21,308.79)	(21,308.79)
	(246,98)	(161.06)
Interest Income	4,218.54	4,626.40
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	(2.002.50)	(3,843.40)
Changes in trade receivables	(3,283,58)	
Changes in other financial assets and other assets	(5,898.75)	(5,997.20)
Changes in trade payables, other financials liabilities and other liabilities	5,863.79	6,113,97
Cash generated from operations	900.00	899.77
Income taxes (paid) / refund received (net)	(921,60)	(926.97)
Net cash used in operating activities (A)	(21.60)	(27.20)
Met cash used in oberating activities (1x)		
Cash flow from investing activities	(4,200.38)	(6,636.90)
Investment in bank deposits	4,009.69	6,477.89
Proceed from bank deposits	212.29	280.26
Interest received	21.60	121.25
Net Cash generated from investing activities (B)		
Cash flow from financing activities		
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)		
ar a land and animaloute (A+R+C)	(0.00)	94.05
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	124.40	30.35
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (refer note 9)	124.40	124.40
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 9)	124.40	124.40

Material accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 117366W/W-100018

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Monisha Parikh

Partner

Membership number: 47840

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 CHARTERED CACCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Narayana Hospitals Private Limited

CIN: U85110KA2904P7C033913

Dr. Devi Prasad Shetty

Director DIN: 00252187

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

Lokesh Dhamaniya Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024 Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

DIN: 02144586

Director

Viren Prasad Shetty

(₹ in thousands)

Sridhar S Company Secretary

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

#### 1. Company overview

Narayana Hospitals Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on May 10, 2004, under the Companies Act, 1956. The registered office of the Company is No. 258/A, Bommasandra Industrial Area, Hosur Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka, India, 560099. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited.

The Company is engaged in establishing, promoting, owning, letting, managing and maintaining hospitals, clinics, health centres, nursing homes in all disciplines of medical and without limitation to run and administer healthcare schemes.

## 2. Basis of preparation and presentation of the financial statements

#### 2.1. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ('GAAP'). GAAP comprises of Indian Accounting Standards ('IndAS') as specified in Sec 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read together with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ('the Rules') and the relevant amendment rules issued thereafter, pronouncements of regulatory bodies applicable the Company and other provisions of the Act.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 24, 2024.

Details of the accounting policies are included in Note 3.

#### 2.2. Going Concern

Whilst the current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets as at March 31, 2024, the financial statements have been drawn up on a going concern basis in view of the support letter received from Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited, the Holding Company confirming their continued financial support to the Company to enable it to continue its operations and settle its obligations as and when they become due over the next twelve month period.

#### 2.3. Basis of preparation

The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity, are presented in the format prescribed under Division III of the Act, as amended from time to time, for companies that are required to comply with Ind AS. The Standalone Statement of Cash Flows has been presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 – Statement of Cash Flows.

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are presented in Indian Rupees thousands, except share data and per share data unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.4. Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

Items	Measurement basis	
Certain financial assets and liabilities	Fair value	





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

#### 2.5. Use of estimates and judgments

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

#### **Judgements**

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Note 23 leases
- Note 33 financial instruments

#### Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending 31 March 2023 is included in the following notes:

- Note 24 recognition of deferred tax assets
- Note 21 recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies; key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources;
- Note 4 (a) useful life of property, plant and equipment
- Note 4 (b) valuation of investment property

#### 2.6. Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

Note 33 – financial instruments





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

#### 3. Material accounting policies

#### 3.1. Financial instruments

#### a. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

#### b. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- amortised cost;

- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual papitals amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional

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#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses,
Financial assets at	including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in statement of profit
FVTPL	and loss.
Financial assets at	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective
amortised cost	interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest
	income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in
	statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in
	statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held- for- trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in statement of profit and loss.

#### c. Derecognition

#### Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

#### Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in statement of profit and loss.





#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

#### d. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.2. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 3.3. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

#### 3.4. Revenue recognition

Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised as a part of revenue from operations in statement of profit and loss.

#### 3.5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies, freight, any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and estimated cost of dismantling and restoring onsite; any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent expenditures related to an item of tangible fixed asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

#### Depreciation and amortization

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a straight-line basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the lower of estimated useful life and lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives of assets for the current and comparative period of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Block of assets	Useful life
Building	60 years
Medical equipment	13 years
Other equipment	15 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted appropriately.

The Company believes that the useful life as given above best represent the useful life of the assets based on the internal technical assessment and these useful life are as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale opticals disposition of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and toos.

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#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

Amounts paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date are recognized as capital advance and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work- in-progress.

#### 3.6. Employee benefits

#### Short term employee benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of receiving services are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salary and wages, bonus and exgratia. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for employee services is recognized as an expense as the related service is rendered by the employees.

#### Post-employment benefits

#### Defined benefit plans

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned and returned for services in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. The calculation of Company's obligation under the plan is performed periodically by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The gratuity scheme is administered by a third party. Re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI). The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the net defined obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses in the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Compensated absences

The employees can carry-forward a portion of the unutilized accrued compensated absences and utilize it in future service periods or receive cash compensation on any leave accumulated in excess of forty five days or on termination of employment. Since the employee has unconditional right to avail the leave, the benefit is classified as a short-term employee benefit. The Company records an obligation for such compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increase this entitlement. The obligation is measured on the basis of independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

#### 3.7. Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

Where the Company receives non-monetary grants, the asset and the grant are accounted at fair value and recognised in the statement of profit and loss over the expected useful life of the asset.

#### 3.8. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

#### 3.9. Leases

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land. The Company, at the inception of a contract, assesses whether the contract is a lease or not lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a time in exchange for a consideration. This policy has been applied to contracts existing and entered into on or after April 1, 2019.

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense over the lease term.

#### 3.10. Earnings per share

The Earnings per share is computed by dividing the earnings attributable to equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The Company does not have potential dilutive equity shares outstanding during the year.

#### 3.11. Income tax

The Income-tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that is relates to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

#### 3.12. Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received, and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract.

#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract.

#### 3.13. Impairment

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 3.14. Investment Property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Based on the technical evaluation and consequent advice, the Management believes a period of 60 years as representing the best estimate for the period over which investment property in the nature of Building are expected to be used which is in line with the indicative useful life mentioned in Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

The fair value disclosed in the notes is based on the fair value as determined by the Management.

#### 3.15 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

#### 3.16 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing applicable to the Company.





Narayana Hospitals Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

		Gros	Gross block			Accumulated d	depreciation		Net block	lock
Particulars*	Asat	Additions	Deletions	Asat	Asat	Depreciation	Deletions	As at	Asat	As at
	April 1, 2023			March 31, 2024	April 1, 2023			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fangible assets (owned)										
Leasehold improvements	94.11		ï	94.11		11.97	•	94.11	73	
Medical equipments	82.72	٠	*	82.72			*)	82.72	(( <b>a</b> ))	367
Other equipments	37.15	8.	12	37.15	37.15	ě	**	37,15	XC	*1
Tumiture and fixtures	255.31	38		255.31		9		255.31	*	**
Total	469.29			469.29	469.29	(e	2.	469.29	•	٠

		Gros	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation	depreciation		Net block	lock
Particulars*	As at	Additions	Deletions	Asat	Asat	Depreciation	Deletions	Asat	As at	As at
	April 1, 2022			March 31, 2023	April 1, 2022			March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Tangible assets (owned)										
Leasehold improvements	94.11	10	0	94.11	94.11	(0)	a	94 11	*	*
Medical equipments	82.72		*	82.72		•	<b>(</b> ()	82,72	•	<b>.</b>
Other equipments	37.15	59		37.15		1.27	٠	37.15	9	1,27
Furniture and fixtures	255.31	234	8)	255.31	255,31	3.60	х	255.31		•0
Total	469.29			469.29	468.02	1.27	73	469.29	•	1.27

<sup>\*</sup>The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.





Narayana Hospitals Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

1,968,701.15 (₹ in thousands) March 31, 2023 249,341.75 4,378,948,37 As at Net block 1,719,359.40 4,378,948,37 March 31, 2024 244,071,78 As at 4,335.08 March 31, 2024 70,596.23 As at Deletions Accumulated depreciation 5,269.97 5,269.97 Depreciation 4,335.08 69,661.34 65,326.26 April 1, 2023 As at 2,038,362,49 March 31, 2024 ,723,694,48 314,668.01 As at Deletions Gross block Additions 1,723,694.48 2.038.362.49 314,668.01 April 1, 2023 Investment property (2023 - 24) Leasehold Land for perpetuity\* **Fotal carrying value** Particulars Building\*\* Fair value Owned Leases 4 (b)

		Gross block	block			Accumulated depreciation	depreciation		Net	Net block
Particulars	As at	Additions	Deletions	Asat	As at	Depreciation	Deletions	As at	Asat	Asat
	April 1, 2022			March 31, 2023 April 1, 2022	April 1, 2022			March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
Owned Building**	314,668.01	((#)	(1 <b>4</b> )C	314,668.01	60,071.29	5,254,97	ij.	65,326.26	249,341,75	254,596 72
Leases Leasehold Land for perpetuity	1,723,694.48	119	Þ	1,723,694,48	4,335,08	3	30	4,335,08		
Total carrying value	2,038,362,49		•	2,038,362,49	64,406.37	5,254.97	•	69,661.34	1,968,701.15	1,973,956.12
Total carrying value	2,038,362.49		•	2,038,362.49	64,406.37	5,254.97	•		69,661.34	

\* Leasehold land represents land allotted by various government authorities/ agencies in the states of Gujarat and Rajasthan. There are certain conditions including setting up of hospitals with certain capacity within certain timelines as specified in the terms of the allotment, Refer note 28 of the financial statements.

\*\* The building is constructed on leasehold land received from Jaipur Development Authority

The lease hold land in Jaipur along with the Building, having carrying value ₹ 3,12,130.70 thousand (March 31, 2023: ₹ 3,17,400,67 thousand) is given as an equitable mortgage for term loan ₹ Nil thousand (March 31, 2023: ₹ 3,83,000.00 thousand) taken by Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited from HSBC Bank.

# The fair value of investment property has ben determined by the Management. The fair value measurement for all the investment properties has been categorised as a Level 3 fair valuation based on the inputs for the valuation technique used. (i) Measurement of fair values

# The Management has used a combination of DLC rates (District Level Committee) rates, earlier valuation reports and valuation determined for other purposes and adjusted it using risk adjusted discount rates (ii) Valuation technique

Investment property comprises leasehold land and building properties that are leased to Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee. No contingent rents are charged (iii) Lease arrangements

(iv) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.





As at As at March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023  150.00 150.00 150.00 150.00  85.50 50.81 6.48 6.48 91.98 57.29
150,00 150,00 85,50 50,81 6,48 6,48
85,50 50.81 6,48 6,48
150.00 150.00 85,50 50,81 6,48 6,48
6.48 6.48
6.48 6.48
6.48 6.48
91.98 57.29
(₹ in thousand
As at As March 31, 2024 March 31, 202
7,303.01 6,381.4
7,303.01 6,381.4
(₹ in thousand
As at As a
March 31, 2024 March 31, 202
119,688 60 113,756 8
(54,439.48) (54,439.4
65,249,12 59,317,3
65,249.12 59,317.3
32.45 65.4
32.45 65.4
(₹ in thousand
As at As a March 31, 2024 March 31, 202
16.362.71 13,079.1
16,362.71 13,079.1
16,362,71 13,079.1
10,502.71
(₹ in thousand
te of payments
years More than 3 years Total
9,000.00 235.75 16,362.
W0-541/A2212
235.75 - 13,079.1
235.75 - 13,079.1  (₹ in thousan  As at As
235.75 - 13,079.1  (₹ in thousan  As at As
235.75 - 13,079.1  (₹ in thousan  As at  March 31, 2024 March 31, 20.2  124.40 124.
235.75 - 13,079.1  (₹ in thousan  As at  March 31, 2024 March 31, 202  12440 124.
235.75 - 13,079.1  (₹ in thousan  As at As  March 31, 2024 March 31, 20:  124.40 124.  124.40 124.
235.75 - 13,079;  (₹ in thousan  As at  March 31, 2024 March 31, 20.  124.40 124.  124.40 124.  4,200,38 4,009.
235.75 - 13,079;  (₹ in thousan  As at  March 31, 2024 March 31, 20;  124.40 124.  124.40 124.  4,200.38 4,009,  4,200.38 4,009.
235.75 - 13,079.1  As at As March 31, 2024 March 31, 2024  124.40 124.4  124.40 124.4  4,200.38 4,009.4  4,200.38 4,009.4  As at As
235.75 - 13,079.1  As at As March 31, 2024 March 31, 202  124.40 124.40 124.40 124.40 124.40 124.40 124.40 124.40 124.40 124.400.38 4,009.409.409.409.409.409.409.409.409.409.
235.75 - 13,079.  (₹ in thousan  As at  March 31, 2024 March 31, 20  124.40 124.  124.40 124.  4,200.38 4,009.  4,200.38 4,009.  As at As
32.45  As at March 31, 2024  16,362.71  16,362.71





#### (? in thousands) 10 (a) Equity share capital As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 Particulars Authorised 540,000.00 540,000,00 5,40,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each Issued, subscribed and paid up 532,614.42 532,614,42 5,32,61,442 equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up 532,614.42 532,614.42

		(₹ in thousands, e	except no of shares)
As at March	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
53,261,442	532,614,42	53,261,442	532,614,42
61			
53.261.442	532,614,42	53,261,442	532,614.42
	Number of shares	53,261,442 532,614,42	As at March 31, 2024 As at March Number of shares Amount Number of shares 53,261,442 532,614,42 53,261,442

The Company has one class of equity shares referred to as equity shares having a nominal value of ₹ 10 each. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividend and share in the Company's residual assets. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by shareholders

Shares held by Holding Company	As at March 3	1, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
	53.261,436	532,614.36	53,261,436	532,614.36
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	53,261,436	532,614,36	53,261,436	532,614.36

Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Particulars	Number of shares*	% holding	Number of shares*	% holding
	53,261,436	99.99%	53,261,436	99,99%
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	53,261,436	99,99%	53,261,436	99,99%

The Company has not bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the last balance sheet date. Further, the Company has not issued any bonus shares or shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the last balance sheet date.

\* These excludes 6 shares held by registered shareholders holding on behalf of beneficial shareholder i.e., Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited.

#### Shareholding of promoter

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2024	No of shares	% of total shares	% Change during
Promoter name	No or snares		the year
	\$3,261,436	99,999991%	0,00%
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	1	0.000002%	0.00%
Dr. Devi Prasad Shetty *	1	0.000002%	0.00%
Shakuntala Shetty *	î	0.000002%	0.00%
Viren Prasad Shetty *	i	0.000002%	0.00%
Dr. Varun Shetty *	Ŷ	0.000002%	0,00%
Dr. Anesh Shetty *			

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2023	No of shares	% of total shares	% Change during
Promoter name	(10 of shares		the year
	53,261,436	99,999991%	0.00%
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	1	0.000002%	0.00%
Dr. Devi Prasad Shetty *	i	0.000002%	0.00%
Shakuntala Shetty *	i i	0.000002%	0.00%
Viren Prasad Shetty *	i i	0.000002%	0.00%
Dr. Varun Shetty *		0.000002%	0.00%
Dr. Anesh Shetty *		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	

\* These shares are held by registered shareholders holding on behalf of beneficial shareholder i.e. Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited

#### 10 (b) Other Equity

1 52 2 1 A		(< in thousands)
Reserve and Surplus	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Retained earnings	[35,936,16	115,096.15
At the commencement of the year	20.504.34	20,840.01
Add: Net profit transferred from statement of profit and loss	156,440.50	135,936.16
At the end of the year	120,41000	
Other comprehensive income	(7,51)	66,28
At the commencement of the year	(49.33)	(73,79)
Movement during the year	(56.84)	(7.51)
At the end of the year		(1.92)
	156,383.66	135,928.65
At the end of the year		
		(₹ in thousands)
Other financial liabilities	Acat	Asat

200 (200 (200 (200 (200 (200 (200 (200		(₹ in thousands)
11 Other financial liabilities	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(a) Non-current		
From related parties	280,000.00	280,000.00
Deposit (refer note 24 and note 26(c))	280,000,00	280,000.00

(b) Current

CHARTERED

ACCOUNTANTS

BENGALUR

co

From parties other than related parties Creditors for capital goods (refer note 28)

The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to other financial liabilities are disclosed in note 32 HASKINS



(F in thousands)

12 0	Other liabilities						(₹ in thousands)
-						As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	articulars					William S., S. S.	
(:	a) Non-current  To parties other than related parties						(00 32
	Deferred government grant *					999,199,51 999,199,51	1,020,508,32
	Described Services Services					999,199,51	1,020,308,32
(	b) Current						
	To parties other than related parties					21,308,79	21,308,79
	Deferred government grant *  Due to statutory/ government authorities					509.31	493.36
=	Due to statutory government dativersals					21,818.10	21,802,15
*	The Company had been allotted land at concessional rate from Government of Rajasthan i deferred income at fair value, The deferred income pertaining to land is being amortised ov	and Gujarat in the financial	year 2007-08 and 2008-	-09 respectively for set	ting up hospitals. T	he Company has recogni	zed all the grants as
		_					(₹ in thousands)
S	summary of the government grant received by the Company and its annual amortisation:-					As at	As at
F	Particulars					March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
-						1,041,817.09	1,063,125,88
	Opening Balance					21,308,79	21,308.79
	ess: Released to profit or loss					1,020,508.30	1,041,817.09
_	Closing Balance						
						21,308,79	21,308.79
(	Current Portion					999,199.51	1,020,508.32
1	Non-Current Portion					1,020,508.30	1,041,817.11
-							
							(₹ in thousands)
							As at
13	Frade payables						
_	Frade payables					As at March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
E	Particulars					March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
E	Particulars  Cotal automobile dues of micro enterorises and small enterprises (refer note 25)					March 31, 2024 3,861.57	March 31, 2023 4,037.30
1 1	Particulars  Cotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Cotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*					March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
1 1	Particulars  Cotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Cotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*	sed in note 32				March 31, 2024 3,861.57	March 31, 2023 4,037.30
1	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo	sed in note 32				March 31, 2024 3,861.57	March 31, 2023 4,037.30
1000	Particulars  Cotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Cotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*	sed in note 32	Outstand	ling for following per		March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo	sed in note 32 Not due	Outstand Less than 1 year	ling for following per 1-2 years	iods from due date 2-3 years	3.861.57 3.861.57	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30
	Particulars  Fotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Fotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years		March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands
	Particulars  Fotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Fotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo  Frade payables ageing schedule  Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years		March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo  Frade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others	Not due - 685.36	Less than 1 year 87.56	1-2 years		March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments	4,037.30 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed to trade payables againg schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  (b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years		March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57
1 1 1 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	Particulars  [Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  [Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  P The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed to trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others	Not due - 685.36	Less than 1 year 87.56	1-2 years		March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	4,037.30 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others c) Disputed dues - MSME d) Disputed dues - Others  Total	Not due 685,36	Less than 1 year	1-2 years 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo  Frade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  (b) Others (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Fotal  As at March 31, 2023	Not due 685,36	87.56 87.56	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	3,861.57 3,861.57 of payments More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed to trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  As at March 31, 2023  (a) MSME	Not due 685,36	Less than 1 year	1-2 years 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57
	Particulars  [Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  [Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  P The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo  [Trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others  [Total  As at March 31, 2023  a) MSME  b) Others  [Others  [Other  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Other  [Other	Not due 685.36	87.56 87.56	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others c) Disputed dues - Others  Total  As at March 31, 2023  a) MSME  (b) Others (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Others (e) Disputed dues - MSME	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037,30 4,037,30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57 4,037,30
	Particulars  [Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  [Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  P The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo  [Trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others  [Total  As at March 31, 2023  a) MSME  b) Others  [Others  [Other  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Others  [Other  [Other	Not due 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037.30 4,037.30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57
	Particulars  Fotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Fotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others c) Disputed dues - Others  Fotal  As at March 31, 2023  a) MSME  (b) Others (c) Disputed dues - MSME (d) Disputed dues - Others	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023 4,037,30 4,037,30 (₹ in thousands) Total 3,861.57 4,037,30 4,037,30
	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  (a) MSME  (b) Others  (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  As at March 31, 2023  (a) MSME  (b) Others  (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)
14 J	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate decided by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate decided by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate decided by a company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is discloserate decided by a company's exposure decide	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023  4,037.30  4,037.30  (₹ in thousands  Total  3,861.57  4,037.30  (₹ in thousands  As at
14 J	Particulars  [Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  [Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  P The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed to trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  As at March 31, 2023  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  Provisions  Particulars	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)
14 J	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed to trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  (a) MSME  (b) Others  (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  As at March 31, 2023  (a) MSME  (b) Others  (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  Provisions  Particulars  (a) Non-current	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years  As at  March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  As at March 31, 2023
14 J	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company of the company o	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands  As at March 31, 2023
14 J	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed to trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  (a) MSME  (b) Others  (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  As at March 31, 2023  (a) MSME  (b) Others  (c) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  Provisions  Particulars  (a) Non-current	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years  As at  March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  As at March 31, 2023
14 ]	Particulars  [Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  [Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  P The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclo  [Trade payables ageing schedule  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - Others  [Total  As at March 31, 2023  a) MSME  b) Others  c) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - MSME  d) Disputed dues - MSME  (d) Disputed dues - Others  Total  Provisions  Particulars  (a) Non-current  Provision for employee benefits (refer note 31)  Gratuity	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands  As at March 31, 2023
14 <u>1</u> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company of the company o	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861.57  3,861.57  of payments  More than 3 years  As at  March 31, 2024  328.86  328.86	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands  As at March 31, 2023
14 <u>1</u> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Particulars  Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 25)  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises*  The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payable is disclosed by the company to the com	685.36 685.36	87.56 87.56 3,088.65	3,088.65 3,088.65	2-3 years	March 31, 2024  3,861,57  3,861,57  of payments  More than 3 years	March 31, 2023  4,037,30  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  Total  3,861.57  4,037,30  (₹ in thousands)  As at March 31, 2023





		(₹ in thousands)
Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31	For the year ended
Particulars	March, 2024	March 31, 2023
Investment property rentals (refer note 26(b))	9,000.00	9,000.00
Investment property remains treter note 2007	9,000.00	9,000.00
		(₹ in thousands
Other income	For the year ended 31	For the year ended
Particulars	March, 2024	March 31, 2023
	21,308,79	21,308,79
Government grant	246,98	161.06
Interest income on fixed deposits	21,555.77	21,469.85
4947B pc	, a	(₹ in thousands)
Employee benefits expense	For the year ended 31	For the year ended
Particulars	March, 2024	March 31, 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus	4,209.24	3,579,33
Gratuity expense (refer note 31)	59,76	42.80
Staff welfare	97,90 4,366,90	3,622.13
Jan Holand	4,300,90	5,022.13
17200-000		(₹ in thousands
Other expenses	For the year ended 31	For the year ended
Particulars	March, 2024	March 31, 2023
	412.06	530.51
Legal and professional fees (see note (i) below)	2,50	220,73
Rates and taxes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.23
Bank charges	414.56	751.47
Note (i):		(₹ in thousands
Payment to auditors*	For the year ended	For the year ende
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
Particulars		
As an auditor	100.00	100.00
(i) Audit fee	100.00	100,00
In other capacity:		
(ii) Reimbursement of expenses	1,50	1,50
(ii) Remousement of expenses	101.50	101.50
		(₹ in thousands
9 Depreciation and amortisation expense	F 4	For the year ende
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 4 (a))	outly.	1,2
Depreciation of investment property (refer note 4 (b))	5,269.97	5,254.97
Depresament of investment property fracts note 1 (2))	5,269.97	5,256.2





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

#### 20 Contingent liabilities and commitments:

#### (i) Contingent liabilities:

The Company does not have any contingent liability as on March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023 - Nil).

#### (ii) Commitments:

Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and other commitments and not provided for amounts to ₹ 54,439.38 thousands (March 31, 2023; ₹ 54,439,38 thousands). Refer note 28.

#### 21 Segment reporting

#### **Operating Segments**

Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" ("Ind AS 108") establishes standards for the way that the Company report information about operating segments and related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas and major customers. Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, Operating segments are to be reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources on overall basis. The Company's sole operating segment is therefore 'Hospital Management Services'. Accordingly, there are no additional disclosure to be provided under Ind AS 108, other than those already provided in the financial statements.

Geographical information analyses the Company's revenue and non-current assets by the Company's country of domicile (i.e. India) and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue has been based on the geographical location of the customers and segment assets which have been based on the geographical location of the assets. Since, the Company has only one geographical location, i.e. India, with respect to location of assets and location of customers, further details about geographical information is not applicable.

#### 22 Leases

#### A. The Company as a lessee

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 'Leases' with the date of initial application being April 1, 2019. Ind AS 116 replaces Ind AS 17 - Leases and related interpretation and guidance. The Company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is to be recognised in retained earnings at April 1, 2019. The Company has evaluated the effect of Ind AS 116 on the financial statements and concluded that there is no impact on Statement of Profit and loss.

Configuration of the second section of the section of the second section of the section		(₹ in thousands)
(i) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss towards short term leases:	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
		-
Cancellable		

#### B. The Company as a lessor

The Company leases out investment property on operating lease basis (See note 4(b))

(i) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss		(₹ in thousands)	
	For the year ended	For the year ended	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
	9,000.00	9,000.00	
Income from property rentals	9,000.00	9,000.00	

The Company has given the hospital in Jaipur to Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited, the holding company, for rendering medical and healthcare services. In accordance with the terms of the agreement, the Company is entitled to and has recorded income of ₹ 9,000.00 thousands for the year ended March 31, 2024

#### 23 Income tax

	(₹ in thousands)
For the year ended	For the year ended
March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
106.87	76.52
	53,43
	50,262.82
	50,392.77
51,727.05	
(45,533,99)	(44,509.95)
	(44,509.95)
(11)	
6,193.86	5,882.82
	March 31, 2024  106.87 62.36 51,558.62 51,727.85  (45,533.99) (45,533.99)

Net deferred tax assets has not been recognised based on the current management assessment that future taxable profit may not be available against which the Company can use the benefits thereon

24 During the financial year 2014-15, the Company had received deposit of ₹ 280,000.00 thousands from Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited to indemnify the Company from the losses, if any, incurred as a result of breach of the term of agreement (operation and management agreement). The Company is liable to repay the deposit amount on expiry of the indemnity agreement or operation and management agreement whichever is earlier.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

25 According to the information available with the Company, there are no dues payable to micro enterprises and small enterprises as defined under the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" as at March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023; Nil).

		(₹ in thousands)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year		
-Principal	-	
-Interest		
The amount of interest paid by the buyer as per the MSMED Act, along with the amount of payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during the accounting year;	<u>\$</u>	5
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006;	*	
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and		
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditureunder the section 23 of MSMED Act 2006.	•	*

#### 26 Related party disclosures

(a) Details of related parties Nature of relationship	Name of related parties
Enterprise having control over the Company	Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Shakuntala Shetty- Whole time Director
Key Wallagement Colorator (1851)	Lokesh Dhamaniya-Chief Financial Officer
	Sridhar S - Company Secretary
Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Holding Company	Dr. Devi Prasad Shetty - Chairman & Whole time Director
Key Wallagement Felsother (1881) / of 818	Mr. Viren Prasad Shetty- Whole Time Director and Executive Vice Chairman
	Dr. Emmanuel Rupert-Managing Director and Group CEO
	Ms. Sandhya Jayaraman- Chief Financial Officer
	Mr. Sridhar S - Company Secretary
Fellow Subsidiaries	Meridian Medical Research & Hospital Ltd (MMRHL)
reliow Subsidiaries	Narayana Hrudayalaya Surgical Hospital Private Limited (NHSHPL)
	Narayana Institute for Advanced Research Private Limited (NIARPL) until September 15, 2023
	Health City Cayman Islands Ltd (HCCI)
	Narayana Vaishno Devi Specialty Hospitals Private Limited (NVDSHPL)
	Narayana Health Institutions Private Limited (NHIPL) until September 20, 2023
	NH Integrated Care Private Limited (NHIC) w.e.f. January 10, 2023
	Narayana Health North America LLC (NHNA)
	Athma Healthtech Private Limited (AHPL) w.e.f. June 2, 2022
	ENT in Cayman Ltd. (EICL) w.e.f. March 3, 2023
	Cayman Integrated Healthcare Ltd (CIHL) w.e.f. September 28, 2023
	Narayana Holdings Private Limited (NHPL, Mauritius)
	NH Health Bangladesh Private Limited (NHDPL)
	Samyat Healthcare Private Limited (SHPL) w.e.f. July 4, 2023
	Medha Al Private Limited w.e f. December 15, 2023
	Narayana Health Insurance Limited (NHIL) w.e.f. May 24, 2023
the state of the s	Amaryllis Healthcare Private Limited
Entity under control/joint control of KMP/KMP of Holding company and their relatives	Hrudayalaya Pharmacy
	Charmakki Infrastructures
	Thrombosis Research Institute (TRI)
	Narayana Health Enterprises
	Narayana Hrudayalaya Foundation (NHF)
	Mazumdar Shaw Medical Foundation (MSMF)
	Narayana Health Academy Private Limited (NHAPL)
	Asia Heart Foundation (AHF)

#### (b) Transactions with related party during the year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ in thousands)

Transactions	Enterprise having control over the Company	Entity under control/joint control of KMP and their relatives	Total
Income from property rentals			9,000.00
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	9,000.00 (9,000.00)	1 23	(9,000.00)
Reimbursement of expenses	6,436.42		6,436.42
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	(5,799.55)	(-)	(5,799.55)
Payment of Interest			
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	(423.82)	(-)	(423.82)
Short-term employee benefits*	<del>-</del>	4,326.08	4,326.08
Lokesh Dhamaniya	(-)		(3,242.46)

Figures in brackets are for the previous year.

The remuneration to KMP does not include the provisions made for gratuity and compensated absences, as they are obtained on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

\*The amounts are determined as per section 17(2) of the Income tax Act, 1961 read with the related Rules.





e) The balances receivable from and payable to related parties  Transactions	Enterprise having control over the Company	Entity under control/joint control of KMP and their relatives	Total
Trade receivables			16,362.71
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	16,362.71 (13,079.13)	170	(13,079.13)
Other financial liabilities (current)- Security deposit			****
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	280,000.00 (280,000.00)	l cal	280,000.00 (280,000.00)
Security given for term loan			210 120 70
Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	312,130,70 (317,400,67)	24.34	312,130,70 (317,400,67)

Figures in brackets are for the previous year.

d) Refer Note 4 with respect to details of Property, plant and equipment provided as security for loans taken by Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited and Narayana Hrudayalaya Surgical Hospital Private Limited:

#### Note:

- (a) No amount in respect of related parties have been written off/back or provided for during the year
- (b) Related party relationships have been identified by the Management.
- (c) The terms and conditions of the transactions with related parties were no more favourable than those available, or those which might reasonably be expected to be available, in respect of similar transactions with other than related entities on an arm's length basis.
- 27 Leasehold land includes 36 acres of land acquired in the year 2008 under perpetual lease from Government of Gujarat amounting to `1,652,379,67 thousand. The aforesaid land has been granted to
  - the Company by Government of Gujarat at a concessional rate under Gujarat Health Project for construction of heart hospital with certain conditions including but not limited to the following:
  - -1,000 bed hospital for cardiac surgery should be built and be operational within 18 months from the date of completing legal formalities/ handing over with clear title and after obtaining all necessary permissions from all concerned departments. Self dependent 100 seat medical college under Medical Council of India ('MCI') Rules should be built and be operational within 36 months. Total project including 5,000 bed super-specialty hospital should be completed within 6 years;
  - -Self dependent medical college, to be established by the Company, should be set up with total adherence to rules governed by MCI and Government of India;
  - -5% surgery in the proposed health city should be done free. Only medicines and disposable should be charged;
  - -20% cardiac surgeries should be performed at the subsidised rate of `65.00 thousands only, which includes every expense;
  - -Beneficiaries of the above said 5% and 20% surgeries will be referred by the Government of Gujarat;
  - -15% out-patients should be given free consultation. Diagnostics fees will be charged at 50%;

at laws dated femore 10, 2011, the timelines committed by NHPL are as follows:

- After achieving, 5,000 surgeries annually, 1,000 surgeries should be performed under concessional rate of ₹ 65.00 thousand and 250 surgeries should be performed free; and
- -Number of student intake and fees for the proposed medical college should be according to the prevailing government rules,
- The Company was unable to start the project on the specified date and received a show cause notice from the Government of Gujarat on December 22, 2010. Subsequent to the show cause notice, the

Company replied on January 19, 2011 assuring the Government of Gujarat that the entire project will be completed by June 2016,

Commissioning timelines	June-2012
a) 500 beds multispecialty hospital	
b) 1000 beds multispecialty hospital (expansion)	June-2012 June-2013
c) 100 seat Medical College	June-2016
5000 bed Health City	June-2016

Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited commenced operation in its Ahmedabad unit on May 3, 2012, As of March 31, 2024, the Company is yet to achieve the above timelines. The Company based on its past projects with government and other authorities believes that the terms/ conditions of grant of leasehold land at concessional rate would be renegotiated and no liability or adjustment to recorded assets is required as at March 31, 2024





(2 in thousands)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

28 In the year 2008-09, the Company was allotted 35 acres of land by Jaipur Development Authority ('JDA') for establishing a medical college at Bagrana Grama, Jaipur ("Bagrana"). Subsequently, the Company surrendered 25 acres of land to JDA and retained 10 acres of land. However, in the year 2013-14, JDA intimated the Company that, 6,000 sq. meters of land will be utilised for the completion of Ring Road Project. Subsequently, JDA gave another proposal of land allotment at Govind Pura Ropada, in lieu of 10 acres at Bagrana. The Company gave its consent on the same through the letter dated April 24, 2015.

Since this land is given in lieu of land allotted at Bagrana, the Company has requested JDA that the land at Govind Pura Ropada be valued the same as it was during the time of allotment

of land in Bagrana in March 2008.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company has paid ₹ 54,439.38 thousands (March 31, 2023 : ₹ 54,439.38 thousands) to JDA and accrued the balance payable of ₹ 65,249.12.37 thousands (March 31, 2023 : ₹ 59,317.37 thousands). The Company will capitalize this amount along with any other payment once it gets the land registered in its name. In the previous year, the Company has assessed the status of the advance paid and on grounds of prudence has recorded a provision for the above advance amounting to ₹ 54,439.48 thousands. The Company continues to engage with JDA for resolution of the above.

#### 29 Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 was based on profit attributable to equity shareholders of ₹ 20,504.34. thousands (March 31, 2023: ₹ 20,840.01 thousands) and weighted average number of equity share outstanding 5,32,61,442 (March 31, 2023: 5,32,61,442).

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	
	20,504.34	20,840.01
Profit after tax (₹) Weighted average number of equity share outstanding during the year for calculation of basic earnings per share	53,261,442	53,261,442
(numbers)	10	10
Nominal value per share (₹)  Basic and diluted earnings per share (₹)	0.38	0.39

#### 30 Capital management

The Company policy is to maintain a stable capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors capital on the basis of return on capital employed as well as the debt to total equity ratio.

For the purpose of debt to total equity ratio, debt considered is long-term and short-term borrowings. Total equity comprise of issued share capital and all other equity reserves.

and the state of t	(₹ in thousar		
The capital structure as of March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 was as follows:	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
	688,998.08	668,543.07	
Total equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company	100%	100%	
As a percentage of total capital			
A TOPING TALANDA			
Short-term borrowings:			
Total borrowings	0%	0%	
As a percentage of total capital			
	688,998.08	668,543.07	
Total capital (Equity and Borrowings)			





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

#### 31 Employee benefits

#### Defined contribution plan

During the current year, the Company did not have more than 10 employees. Accordingly the provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 are not applicable to it for the year ended March 31, 2024,

#### Defined benefit plan

The Company operates post-employment defined benefit plan that provide gratuity. The gratuity plan entitles an employee, who has rendered at least five years of continuous service, to receive one-half month's salary for each year of completed service at the time of retirement/exit. This scheme is non funded. The Company's obligation in respect of the gratuity plan, which is a defined benefit plan, is provided for based on actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses immediately in the statement of profit and loss. The Company accrues gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 as applicable as at the balance sheet date and accordingly the maximum payment is restricted to ₹ 20 lakhs. The Company have only one employee as at March 31, 2024. Hence, the provision for gratuity as at March 31, 2024 is ₹ 384.14 thousands (March 31, 2023: ₹ 275.05 thousands)

A. Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at balance sheet date: (3 in thousands)

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	384.14	275.05
Defined benefit obligations liability	•	•
Plan assets	384-14	275,05
Net defined benefit liability	224.15	192,07
Liability for compensated absences	608.29	467.12
Total employee benefit liability	328.86	195.21
Non-current	279 43	271.91
Current	217710	

#### Reconciliation of net defined benefit (assets) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset) / liability and its components

and the state of t		(₹ in thousands)
i) Reconciliation of present values of defined benefit obligation	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Defined benefit obligation as at 1 April	275.05	12
Benefits paid	42.59	34.03
Current service cost	17.17	8.77
Interest cost		158.46
Acquisition / Divestiture*	(14.52)	*
-changes in demographic assumptions	6.60	2
-changes in financial assumptions	57.25	73.79
-experience adjustments		275.05
Defined benefit obligations as at 31 March	384.14	273.03
		(₹ in thousands)
ii) Reconciliation of present values of plan assets	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
		¥
Plan assets at beginning of the year		•
Acquisition	.**	
Contributions paid into the plan	740	
Interest Income		
Benefits paid	52:	· ·

ret defined benefit imbinty		
*This is due to employee transferred	from parent company during the year.	

WAS CARREST OF CHARLES AND CHA	(₹ in thousands)			
C. i) Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss  Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
1 al semais	42.59	34.03		
Current service cost	17.17	8.77		
Interest cost	59.76	42,80		

ii) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income		(₹ in thousands)
	For the year ended	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Particulars	March 31, 2024	
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on defined benefit obligation	49.33	73.79
Actuariai (gain) loss on defined benefit bongation	¥	<b>:</b>
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	49.33	73.79



Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets Plan assets at the end of the year



384.14

#### Narayana Hospitals Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (continued)

#### 31 Employee benefits

Plan Assets		(₹ in thousands)
Plan assets comprises of the following:	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Pooled assets with an insurance company	*	
Defined Benefit obligation		
i) Actuarial assumptions		
The following are the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages):	As at	As a
Principal actuarial assumptions	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
1.01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-0	7.18%	7.30%
Discount rate	(m)	
Expected rate of return on plan assets	IALM(2012-14)	IALM(2012-14
Mortality rate	Ultimate	Ultimate
	8.00% first year;	7.90% first year
Future salary increases	6.20% thereafter	6.00% thereafte
Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on published statistics and mortality tables.		
Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation		(₹ in thousands
The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:		Amoun
Particulars		55.28
1st following year		51.03
2nd following year		47.11
3rd following year		43,50
4th following year		40.16
5th following year		158.97
Year 6 to 10		231,40
More than 10 years		

ii) Sensitivity analysis
Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

amounts shown below.	March 3	11. 2024	March 31,	March 31, 2023		
Particulars	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease		
2 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	(10.68)	11.26	(4.01)	4.14		
Discount rate (0.50% movement)	10.39	(9.94)	3.52	(3.44)		
Future salary increases (0.50% movement)	0.65	(0.68)	0.22	(0.23)		
Attrition rate (0.50 % movement)	0.04	(0.04)	0.01	(0.01)		
Mortality rate (0.10% movement)						

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown.





Financial instruments: Fair value and risk r	nanagement						(₹ ir	thousands)
1 16 - time and fair makes				-		Fair value		
A. Accounting classification and fair values	FVOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at March 31, 2024	11001							
Financial assets			16,362,71	16,362,71		3#8		•
Trade receivables	± •		124 40	124.40	2	·	7	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1 * 1		4,200.38	4,200.38	9	o <b>€</b> 3		*
Bank balances other than above	3.0	-	241.98	241.98	2	:*:		
Other financial assets	-		20,929.47	20,929.47		149		
- Tro rms			2.047-2711					
Financial liabilities	0.20		3,861.57	3,861,57	7	9 <u>2</u> 4		*
Trade payables		8	342,459.68	342,459,68		-		<u>×</u>
Other financial liabilities			346,321.25	346,321.25				•
								Total
As at March 31, 2023	FVOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets			1600000000	1000000000				÷
Trade receivables	0,000	3.5	13,079.13	13,079.13	•	1.2		
Cash and cash equivalents	·	9	124.40	124.40	-	-	27.7 5 <b>=</b> 0	
Bank balances other than above	: E	*	4,009.69	4,009.69	2		557	3.8%
Other financial assets	-	-	207.29	207.29				
Other maneral assets	- E		17,420.51	17,420.51		(1.5)		
Financial liabilities			4 007 30	4 027 70		ž	(3)	(90)
Trade payables			4,037.30	4,037.30	(*)	E	(A)	
Other financial liabilities			336,527.93	336,527.93	(*)		120	848
¥ 113-141-141-141-141-141-141-141-141-141-			340,565.23	340,565.23	201	-		

#### B. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk,

#### (i) Risk management framework

The Company's risk management is carried out by a central treasury department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board supervises overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, credit risk and use of financial instruments.

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligation under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to financial loss. The Company is not exposed to credit risk as its receivables is majorly from holding company, Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited.

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived.

The table below provides details regarding the undiscounted cont	Less than I year	1 - 2 years	2-5 years	more than 5 years	Tota
Particulars Particulars		3,088.65	-	-	3,861.57
Frade payables	772.92 62.459.68	3,000.00	257 0 <b>=</b> 01	280,000.00	342,459.68
Other financial liabilities	63,232.60	3,088,65		280,000.00	346,321.25
		2,000,00			
Total					
	tractual manurities of significant financial liabilities as	of March 31, 2023:			(₹ in thousands
Total  The table below provides details regarding the undiscounted con	tractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as	of March 31, 2023:	2-5 years	more than 5 years	(₹ in thousands Tota
	Less than I year	of March 31, 2023:	2-5 years		`
The table below provides details regarding the undiscounted con	tractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as  Less than 1 year  4,037.30  56,527.93	of March 31, 2023: 1 - 2 years	2-5 years		Tota





Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices. The Company does not have any transaction in foreign currency and the interest on the borrowing is also fixed rate. Hence, the Company is not exposed to market risk

#### 33 Financial Ratios

Ratio	Methodology	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023	Variance
	Current assets over current liabilities	0.24	0,21	12,20%
(a) Current ratio (b) Debt equity ratio	Debt over total shareholders' equity			0.00%
(c) Debt service coverage ratio	EBIT over current debt	3	2.170/	0.00% -0.15%
(d) Return on equity %	PAT over total average equity	3,02%	3,17% -0.14	-3.41%
(e) Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations over average working capital	-0 13 67 10%	68.40%	-1.29%
(f) Net profit %	Net profit over revenue	2.98%	3.12%	-0.14%
(g) Return on capital employed %	PBIT over average capital employed	2,303		

#### Notes

EBIT - Earnings before interest and taxes

PBIT - Profit before interest and taxes including other income

PAT - Profit after taxes

Capital employed refers to total shareholders' equity and debt,

#### 34 Other Statutory Information

- (i) There are no balance outstanding on account of any transaction with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act 1956.
- (ii) The Company do not have any Capital-work-in progress or intangible assets under development whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.
- (iii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies) including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that intermediary shall:
  - (a) Directly for indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate beneficiaries) or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries
- (iv) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that
  - (a) Directly for indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate beneficiaries) or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries
- (v) The company doesn't have any transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year
- (vi) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 35 The Companies (Accounts) Amendments Rules 2022 mandates maintenance of backup of company's books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode on servers physically located in India on a daily basis with effect from August 5, 2022. The Company is in the process of implementing the necessary changes to automate the process of back-up covering all books of account on a daily basis which is expected to be completed in due course of time. The Company is of the view that this does not have any material impact on its Financial Statements for the year ended March 31,
- 36 As per the requirement of the rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the software used by the Company for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 does not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.

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The Company has established and maintained an adequate internal control framework over its financial reporting and based on its assessment, this does not have any material impact on its Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

SKINS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Narayana Hospitals Private Limited CIN: U85110KA20 77777913

Dr. Devi Prasad Shetty

Director DIN: 00252187

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

heave Dhamaniya

Chief Financial Office

Place: Bengajuru

Date: May 24, 2024

Viren Prasad Shetty

Director

DIN: 02144586

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024

Suidbou?

Sridhar S Company Secretary

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 24, 2024